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QUESTION 31 You plan to design an application that temporarily stores data in a SQL Azure database. You need to identify which types of database objects can be used to store data for the application. The solution must ensure that the application can make changes to the schema of a temporary object during a session. Which type of objects should you identify? A. common table expressions (CTEs) B. table variables C. table variables C. D. temporary stored proceduresAnswer: C QUESTION 32 You have a text file that contains an XML Schema Definition (XSD). You have a table named Schemal. Table1. You have a stored procedure named Schemal. Proc1 that accepts an XML parameter named Param1. You need to store validated XML data in Schemal. Table1. The solution must ensure that only valid XML data is accepted by Param1. What should you do? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose all that apply.) A. Define an XML column in Table1 by using an XML schema collection. B. Create an XML schema collection in the database from the text file. C. Declare Param1 var1 as type XML and associate the variable to the XML schema collection. D. use the modify method to insert the XML schema into each row of the XML column in Table1. Answer: ABD QUESTION 33 Drag and Drop Question You plan to deploy two stored procedures named SP1 and SP2 that read data from the database. Your company identifies the following requirements for each stored procedure: - SP1 must allow dirty reads. - SP2 must place range locks on the data to ensure read You need to identify which isolation level you must set for each stored procedure. The solution must minimize the consistency. number of locks. Which isolation level should you identify? To answer, drag the appropriate isolation level to the correct stored **Isolation Levels** Answer Area procedure in the answer area. (Answer choices may be used once, more than once, or not at all.)



Answer:	Isolation Levels	An	Answer Area	
	read committed	SP1	read uncommitted	
		SP2	serializable	
	repeatable read	w i lea	JG4.00M	
	snapshot			

QUESTION 34 You use SQL Server 2014. The physical server is a dedicated database server that has 120GB of RAM available. There is approximately 50GB of storage space available on a slow local disk. You create a new stored procedure. You decide you need to temporarily hold approximately 300,000 rows from two tables, from which you will compute two complex business scores. The stored procedure will use temporary storage defined as follows: AccountNumber char(10) NOT NULL

AccountNumber char(10) NOT NULL YearToppteSalesTotal declaral(15,2) NULL SalesScore int NULL FutureSalesExpectationScore int NULL

The code will make several passes through the data, applying complex calculations before writing the data to a permanent disk-based table in the same database from which it reads the data. For this stored procedure, you need to deal with temporary data in the most efficient way to minimize physical disk pressure. What should you do? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer. OA create type dbo.AccountScoringModel as TABLE

AccountNumber char(10) COLLATE Latin1_General_100_BIN2 NOT NULL , YearToDateSalesTotal decimal(15,2) NULL, SalesScore int NULL, FutureSalesExpectationScore int NULL, INDEX AccountNumber HASH (AccountNumber) WITH (BUCKET_COUNT = 25000)) WITH (MEMORY_OPTIMIZED = ON) DECLARE @AccountScoring as dbo.AccountScoringModel OB. DECLARE @AccountScoring as TABLE AccountNumber char(10) NOT NULL, YearToDateSalesTotal decimal(15,2) NULL, SalesScore int NULL, FutureSalesExpectationScore int NULL (Θ) 11 0 OC. CREATE TABLE #AccountScoring AccountNumber char(10) NOT NULL YearToDateSalesTotal decimal(15,2) NULL, SalesScore int NULL, FutureSalesExpectationScore int NULL OD. CREATE TYPE dbo.AccountScoringModel as TABLE AccountNumber char(10) COLLATE Latin1 General 100 BIN2 NOT NULL . YearToDateSalesTotal decimal(15,2) NULL, SalesScore int NULL, FutureSalesExpectationScore int NULL, INDEX AccountNumber HASH (AccountNumber) WITH (BUCKET_COUNT = 120)) WITH (MEMORY_OPTIMIZED = ON) DECLARE @AccountScoring as dbo.AccountScoringModel

A. Option A B. Option B C. Option C D. Option D Answer: A QUESTION 35 You have a SQL Server 2012 database named Database1. You execute the following code: CREATE TABLE Sales

```
ID int IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
 OrderDate char(10) NOT NULL.
 Amount decimal
1:
GO
CREATE INDEX IX_Sales_OrderDate
  ON Sales (OrderDate)
  INCLUDE (ID, Amount);
ൟഀഀ൘൘൘ൟ൛൝ഽ൙൮ഀ൙൹൙൦൘
CREATE PROC usp Proc1 (
  @date1 datetime.
  @date2 datetime
AS
SELECT ID, OrderDate, Amount
  FROM Sales
  WHERE CAST (OrderDate AS datetime)
   BETWEEN @date1 AND @date2
  ORDER BY ID;
GO
```

You insert 3 million rows into Sales. You need to reduce the amount of time it takes to execute Proc1. What should you do? A. ProductType varchar(11) '@ProductType', B. ProductType varchar(11) 'ProductType//@ID', C.

ProductType varchar(11) 'ProductType1'. Answer: D Compare And C

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http://www.passleader.com/70-464.html] QUESTION 36 You have a SQL Azure database. You execute the following script:

Column

You add 1 million rows to Table1. Approximately 85 percent of all the rows have a null value for Column2. You plan to deploy an application that will search Column2. You need to create an index on Table1 to support the planned deployment. The solution must minimize the storage requirements. Which code segment should you execute? A. CREATE INDEX IX_Table1 ON Table1 (Column2) WITH FILLFACTOR-0 B. CREATE INDEX IX_Table1 OK Table1 (Column1) INCLUDE (Column2) C. CREATE INDEX IX_Table1 ON Table1 (Column2) WHERE Column2 IS NULL D. CREATE INDEX IX_Table1 ON Table1 (Column2) WHERE Column2 IS NULL D. CREATE INDEX IX_Table1 ON Table1 (Column2) S NOT NOLL Answer: D QUESTION 37 You are creating a table named Orders. You need to ensure that every time a new row is added to the Orders table, a table that is used for auditing is updated. What should you use? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer. A. a CHECK constraint B. a FOREIGN KEY constraint C. a DEFAULT constraint D. a data manipulation language (DML) trigger E. a Data Definition Language (DDL) trigger Answer: D QUESTION 38 You have a SQL Azure database. You need to identify which keyword must be used to create a view that will be indexed. Which keyword should you identify? A. WHEM_METADATA B. SCHEMABINDING C. DEFAULT D. DISTINCT Answer: B QUESTION 39 Drag and Drop Question

You are designing two stored procedures named Procedure1 and Procedure2. You identify the following requirements: -Procedure1 must take a parameter that ensures that multiple rows of data can pass into the stored procedure. - Procedure2 must use business logic that resides in a Microsoft .NET Framework assembly. You need to identify the appropriate technology for each stored procedure. Which technologies should you identify? To answer, drag the appropriate technology to the correct stored procedure in the answer area. (Answer choices may be used once, more than once, or not at all.) Technologies Answer Area

Common language runtime (CLR)	Procedure1
Extensible Markup Language (KML)	Frocedure2
a table-valued parameter (TVP)	

Answer:	Technologies	Answer Area		
	Extensible Markup Language (KML)	Procedure1	a table-valued parameter (TVP)	

QUESTION 40 You create a view by using the following code: CREATE VIEW dbo.View1

CREATE VIEW dbo.View1 WITH VIEW METADATA AS UTTING PAPER GOGGOGO SELECT t1.col1, t1.col2, t2.* FROM dbo.Table1 AS t1 JOIN dbo.Table2 AS t2 ON t1.col1=t2.col2; Several months after you create the view, users report that the view has started to return unexpected results. You discover that the design of Table2 was modified since you created the view. You need to ensure that the view returns the correct results. Which code segment should you run? CA EXEC sp_refreshview @viewname = 'dbo.View1';

```
CB.
      ALTER dbo.View1 WITH SCHEMABINDING, VIEW METADATA
      AS
      SELECT t1.col1, t1.col2, t2.*
FROM dbo.Table1 AS t1 JOIN dbo.Table2 AS t2
      ON t1.col1=t2.col2;
CC
               1 Stressbill
                                  8
      EXER
            30
CD.
      DROP dbo.View1;
      GO
      CREATE dbo.View1 WITH SCHEMABINDING, VIEW METADATA
      AS
      SELECT t1.col1, t1.col2, t2.*
      FROM dbo.Table1 AS t1 JOIN dbo.Table2 AS t2
      ON t1.col1=t2.col2;
```

A. Option A B. Option B C. Option C

D. Option D Answer: A

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